

# Comprehensive Genome and Transcriptome Structural Analysis of a Breast Cancer Cell Line using PacBio Long Read Sequencing

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Schatz + McCombie + Hicks at Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory

McPherson + Beck at the Ontario Institute for Cancer Research

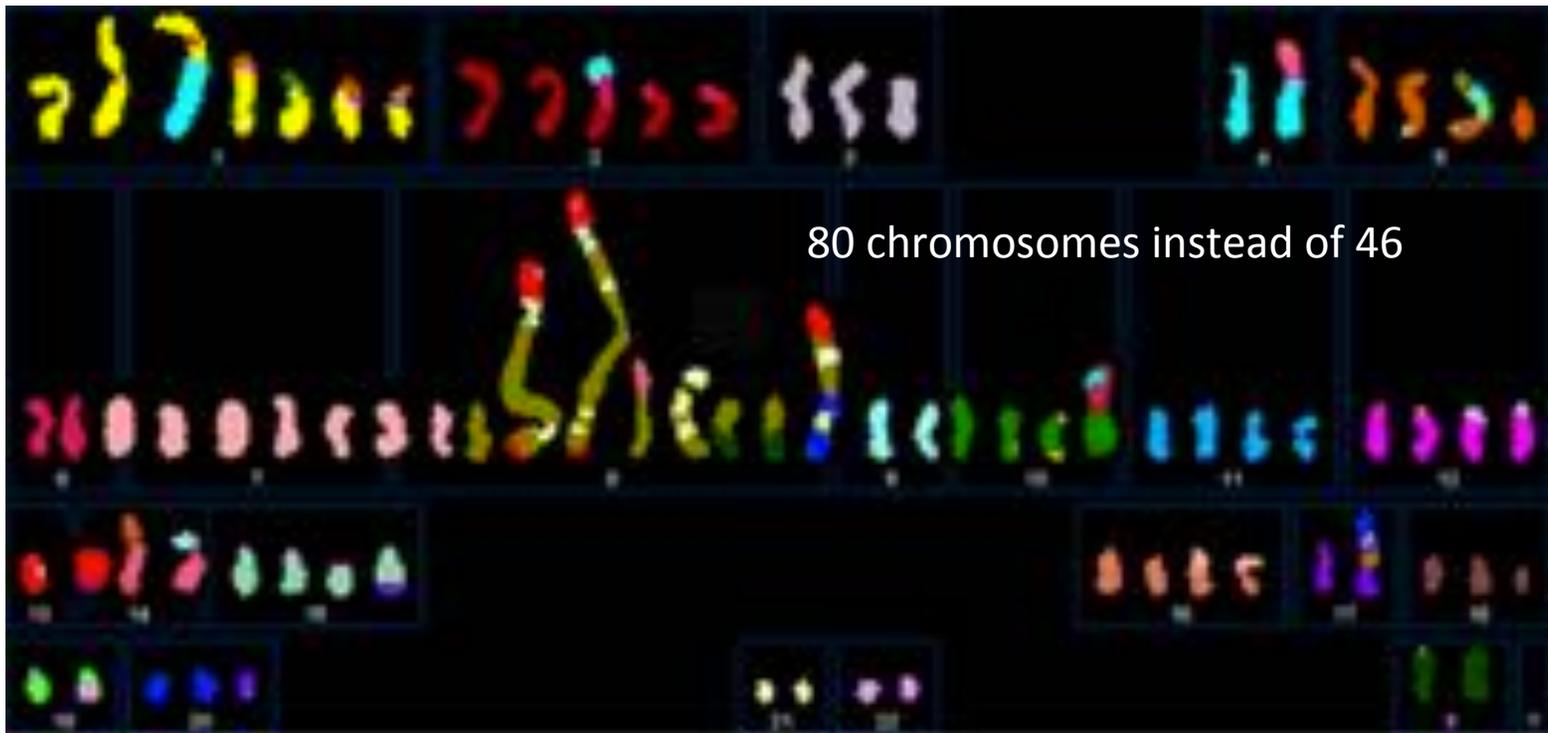
Pacific Biosciences

DNAexus



# SK-BR-3

Most commonly used Her2-amplified breast cancer cell line



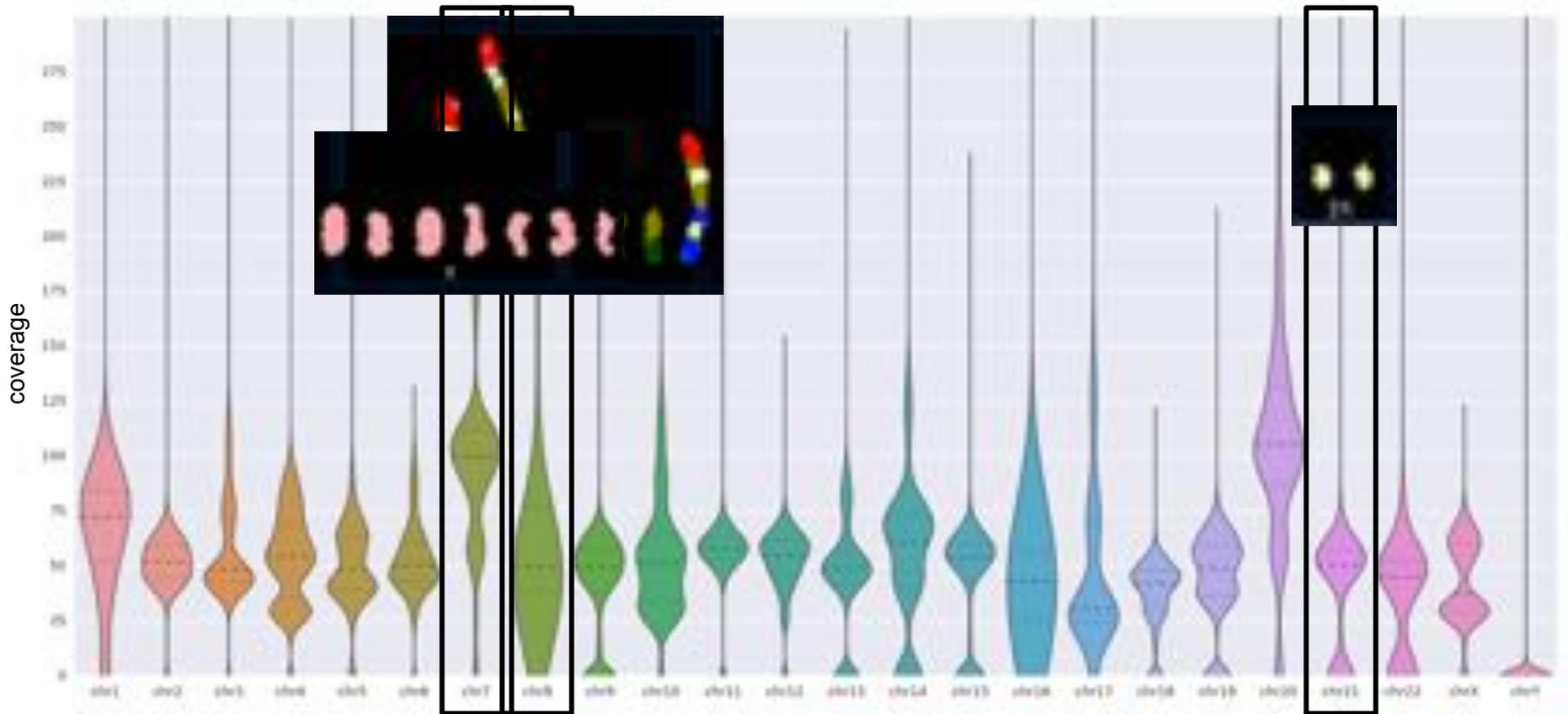
Often used for pre-clinical research on Her2-targeting therapeutics such as Herceptin (Trastuzumab) and resistance to these therapies.

(Davidson et al, 2000)

# PacBio long-read DNA sequencing

mean read length: 9 kb  
max read length: 71 kb

72X coverage

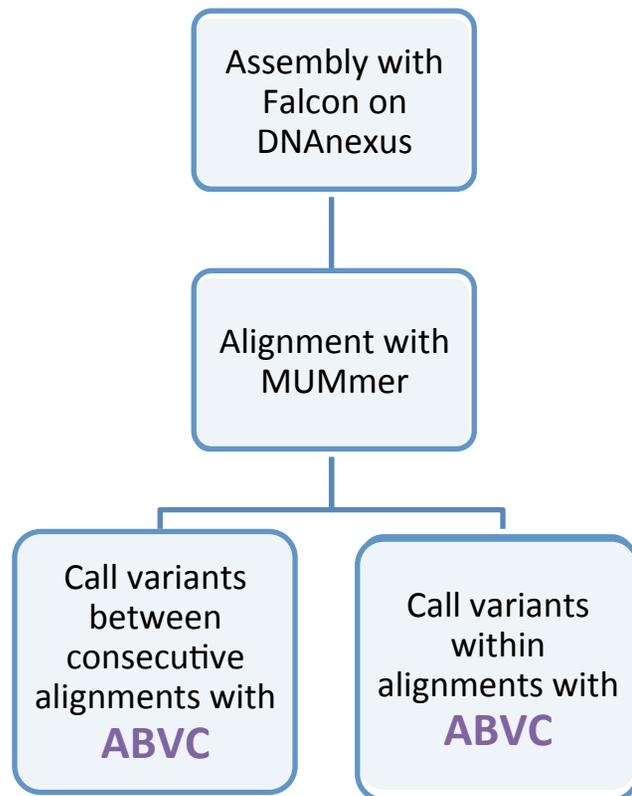


Genome-wide coverage averages around 54X

Coverage per chromosome varies greatly as expected from previous karyotyping results

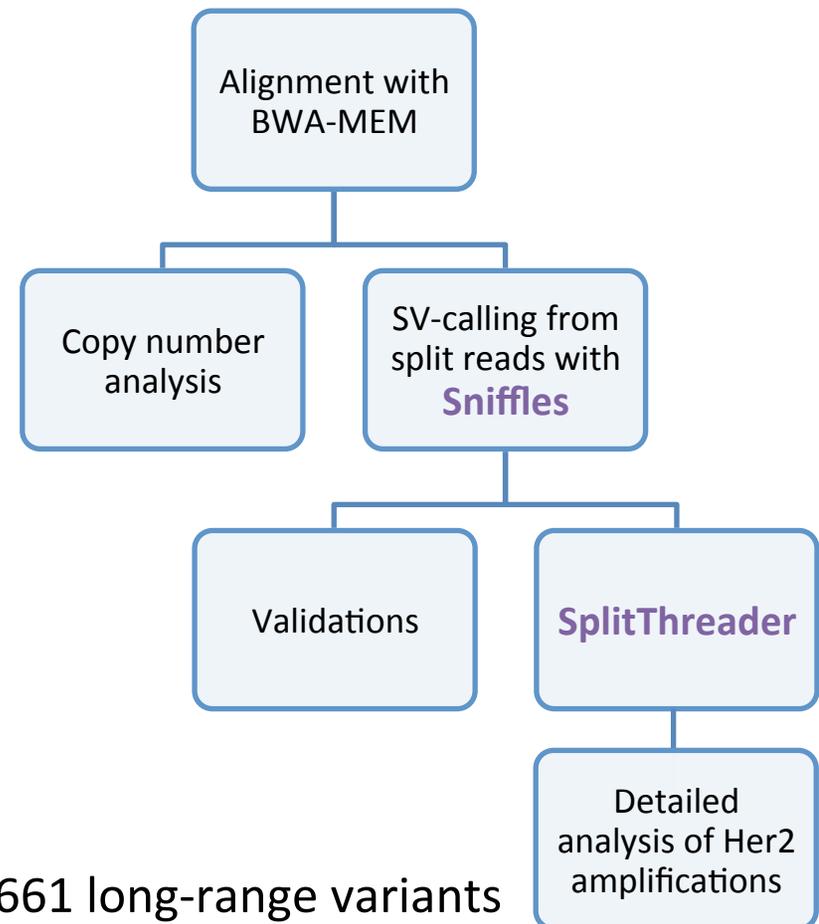
# Genome structural analysis

## Assembly-based



~ 11,000 local variants  
50 bp < size < 10 kbp

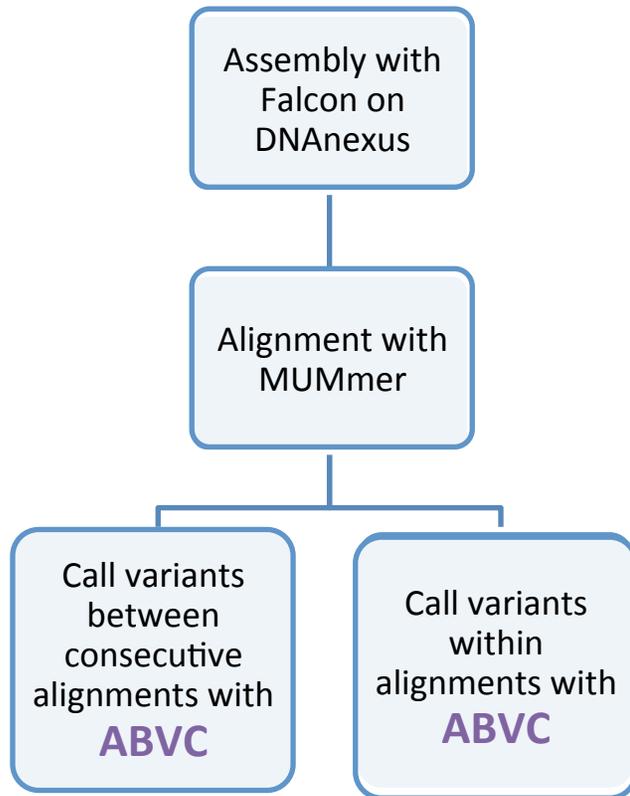
## Alignment-based



661 long-range variants  
(>10kb distance)

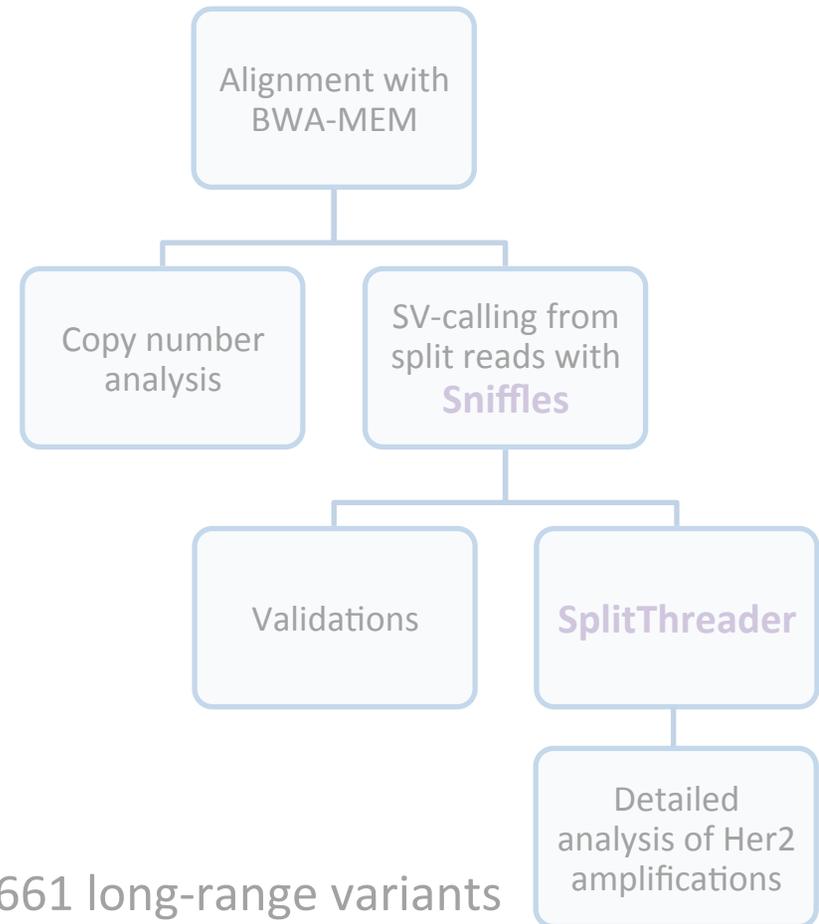
# Genome structural analysis

## Assembly-based



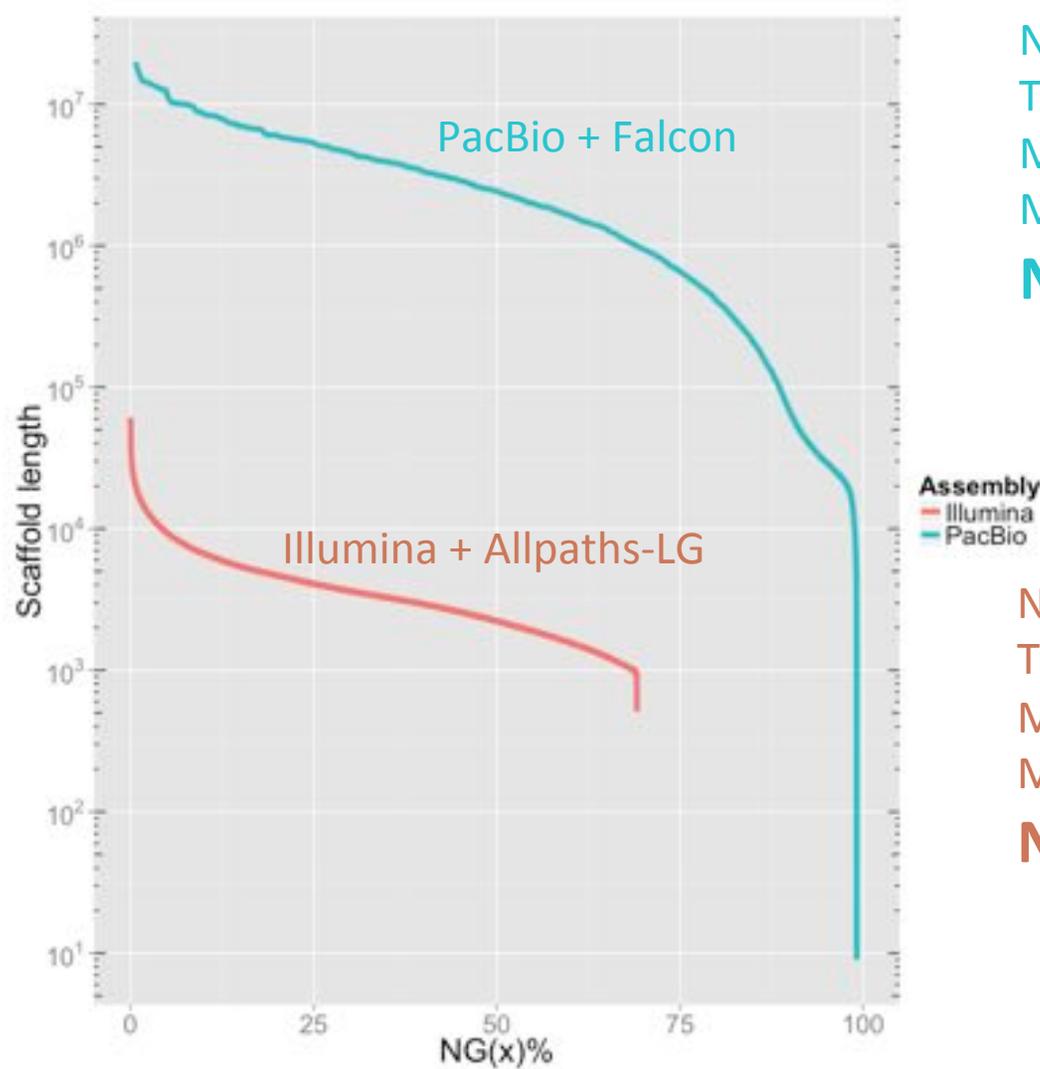
~ 11,000 local variants  
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## Alignment-based



661 long-range variants  
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# Assembly using PacBio yields far better contiguity

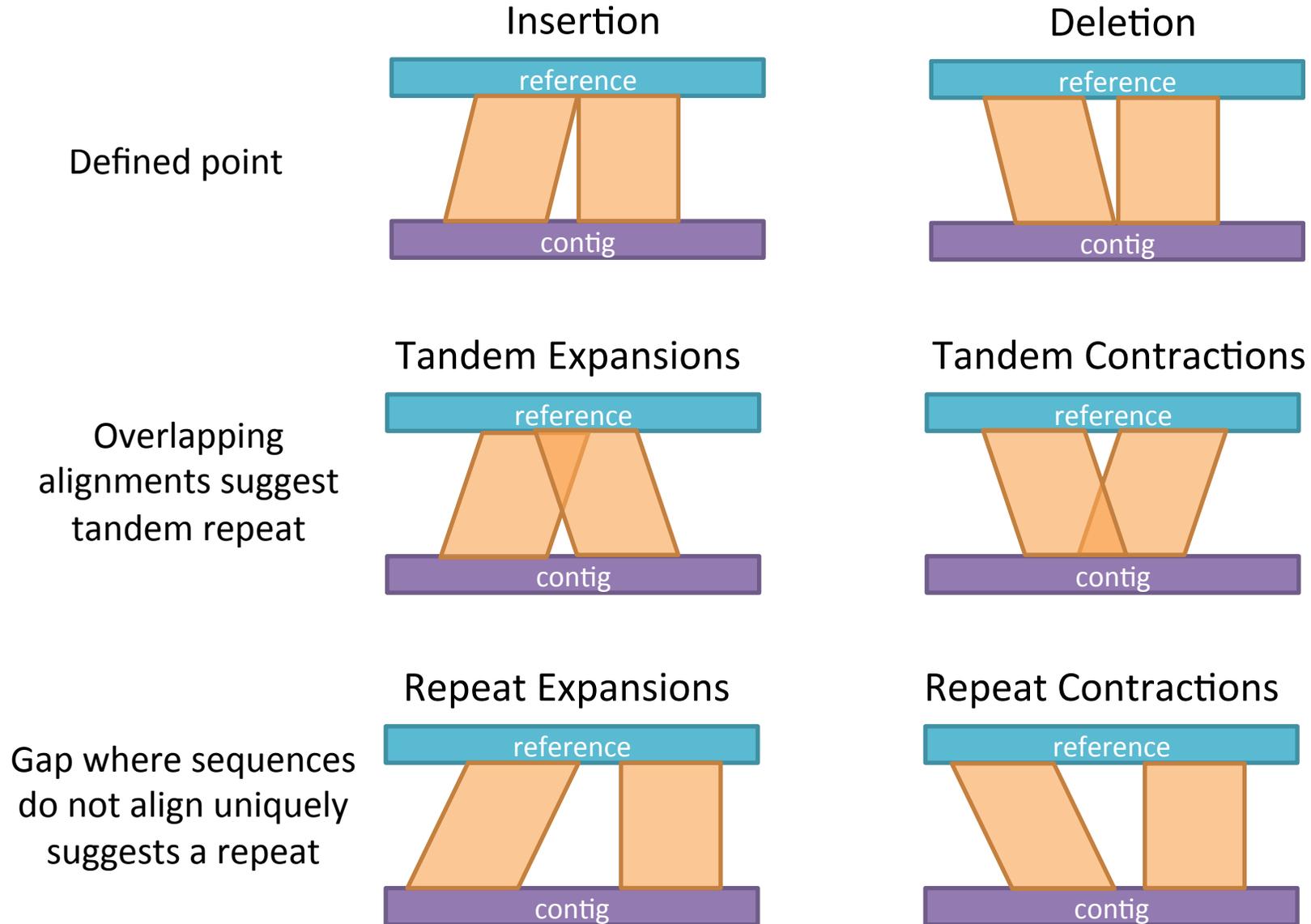


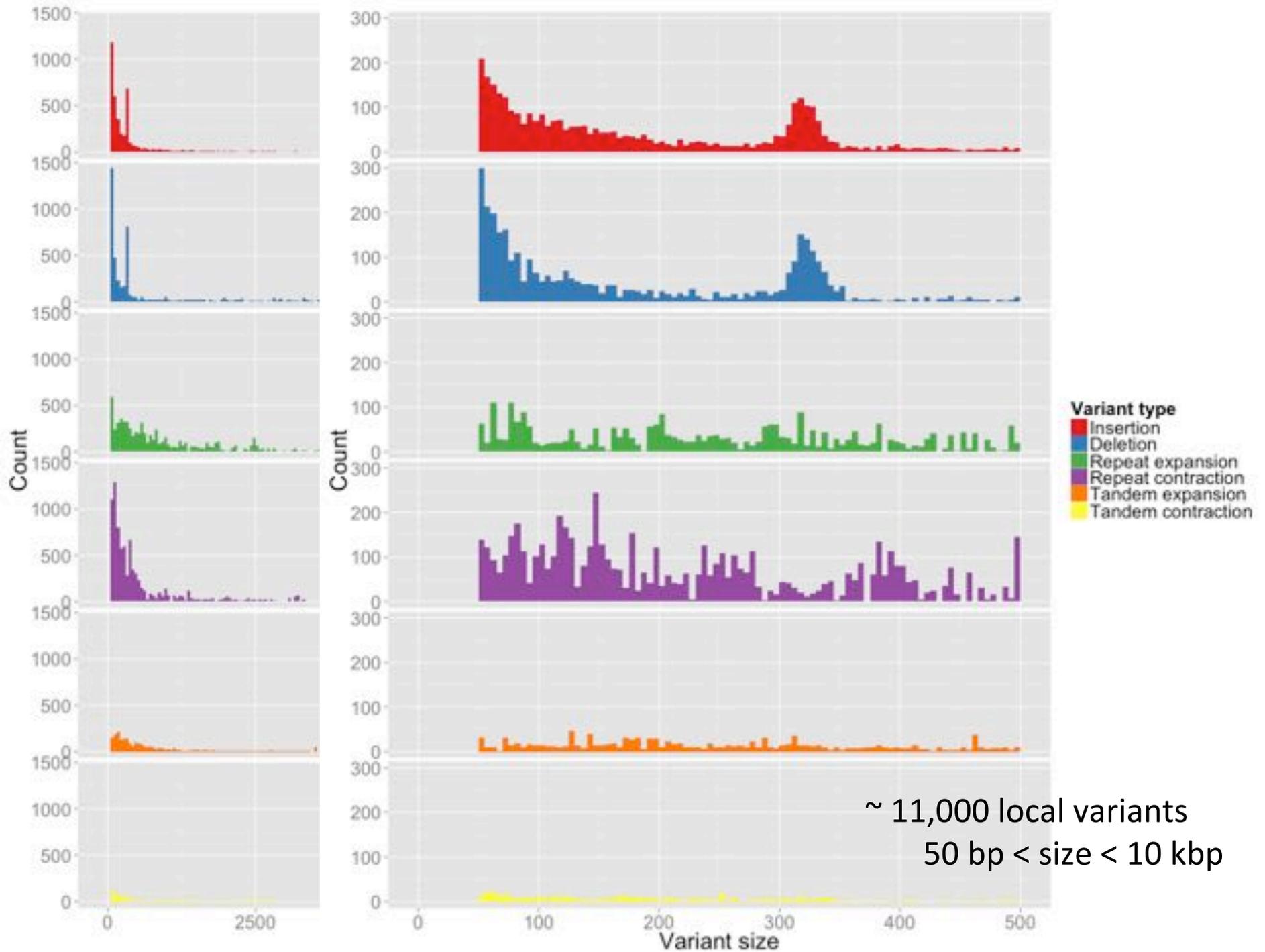
Number of sequences: 13,532  
Total sequence length: 2.97Gb  
Mean: 266 kb  
Max: 19.9 Mb  
**N50: 2.46 Mb**

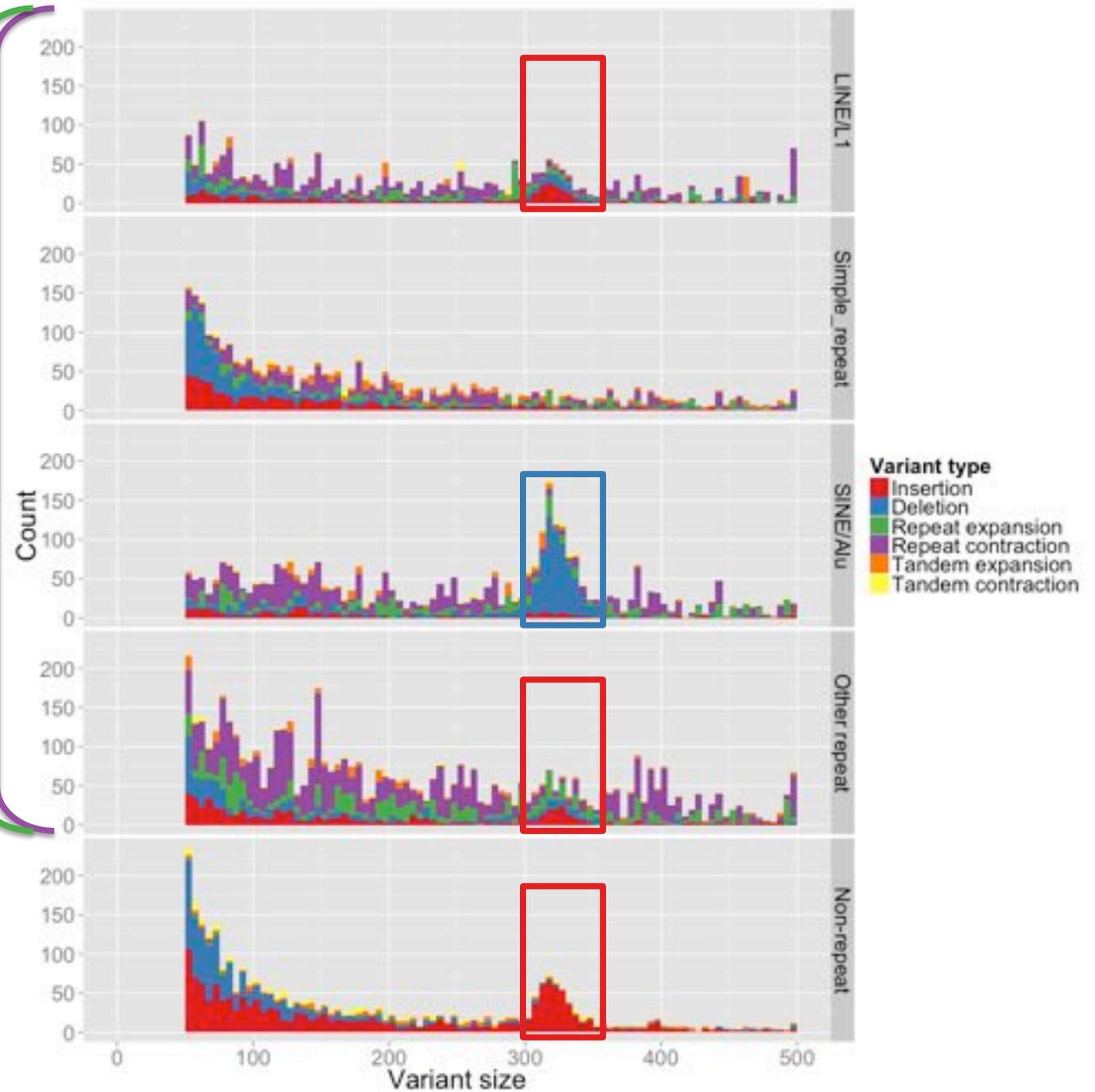
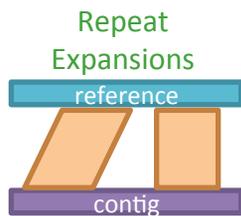
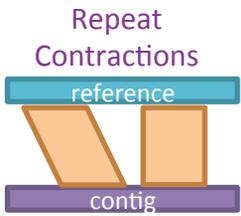
Relative to a genome size of 3 Gb

Number of sequences: 748,955  
Total sequence length: 2.07 Gb  
Mean: 2.8 kb  
Max: 61 kb  
**N50: 3.3 kb**

# ABVC: Assembly-Based Variant-Caller



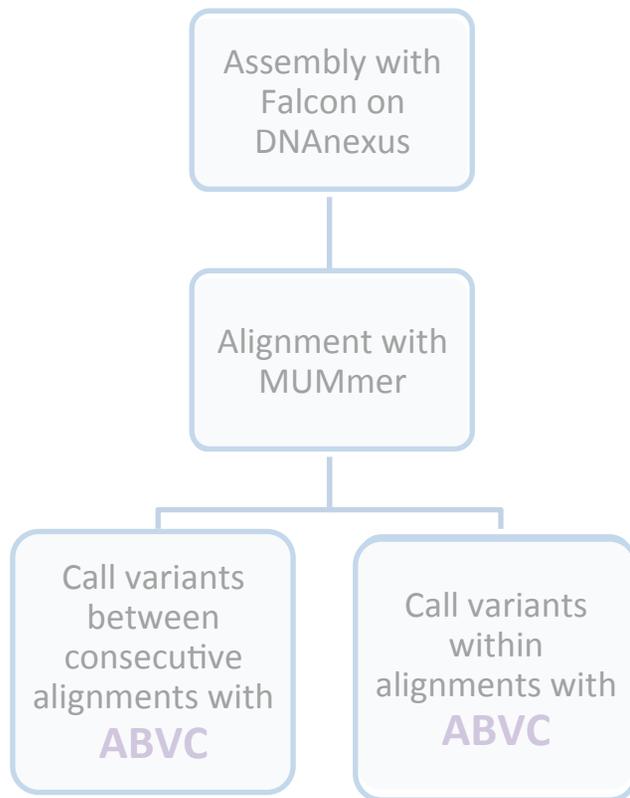




BLASTed 515 insertions:  
427 (83%) of them matched Alu elements

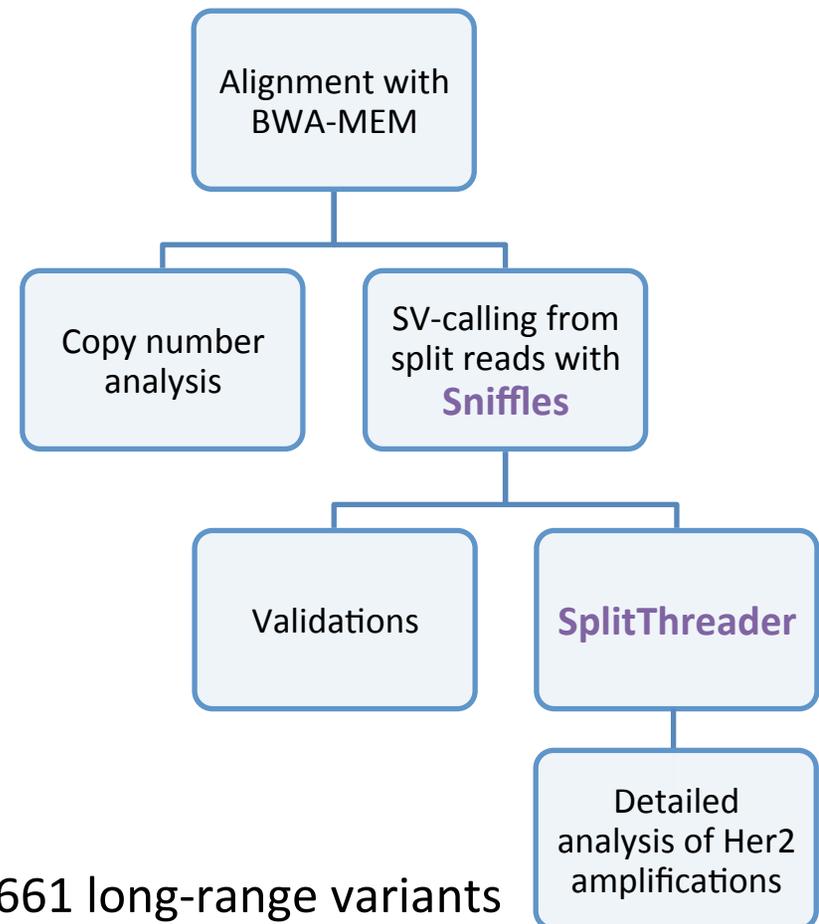
# Genome structural analysis

## Assembly-based



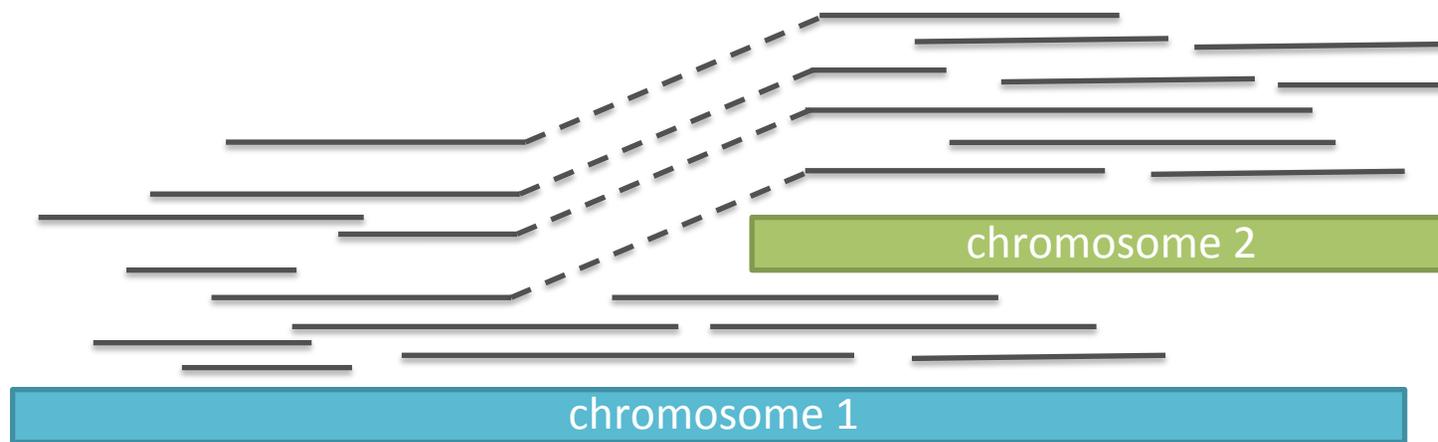
~ 11,000 local variants  
50 bp < size < 10 kbp

## Alignment-based



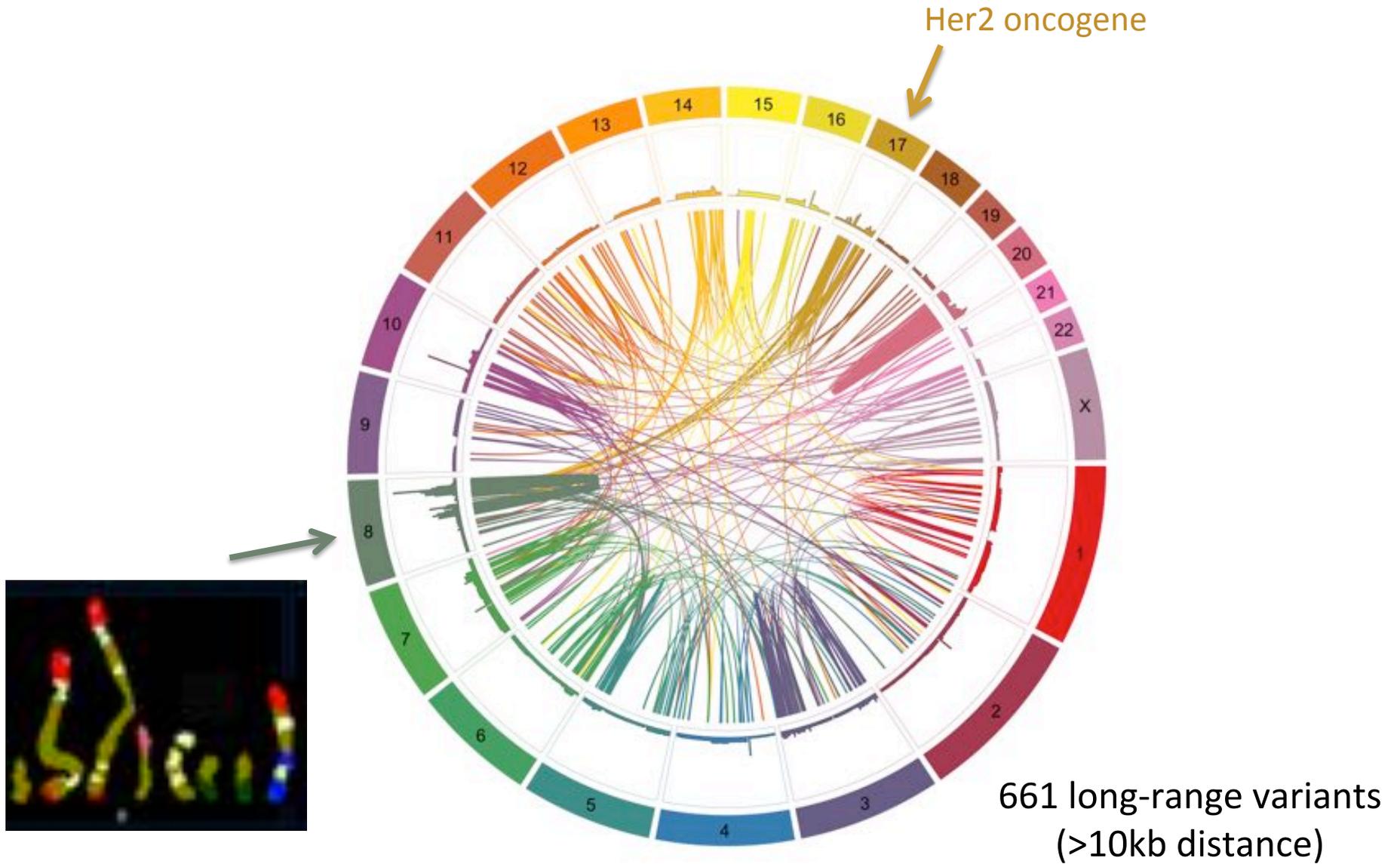
661 long-range variants  
(>10kb distance)

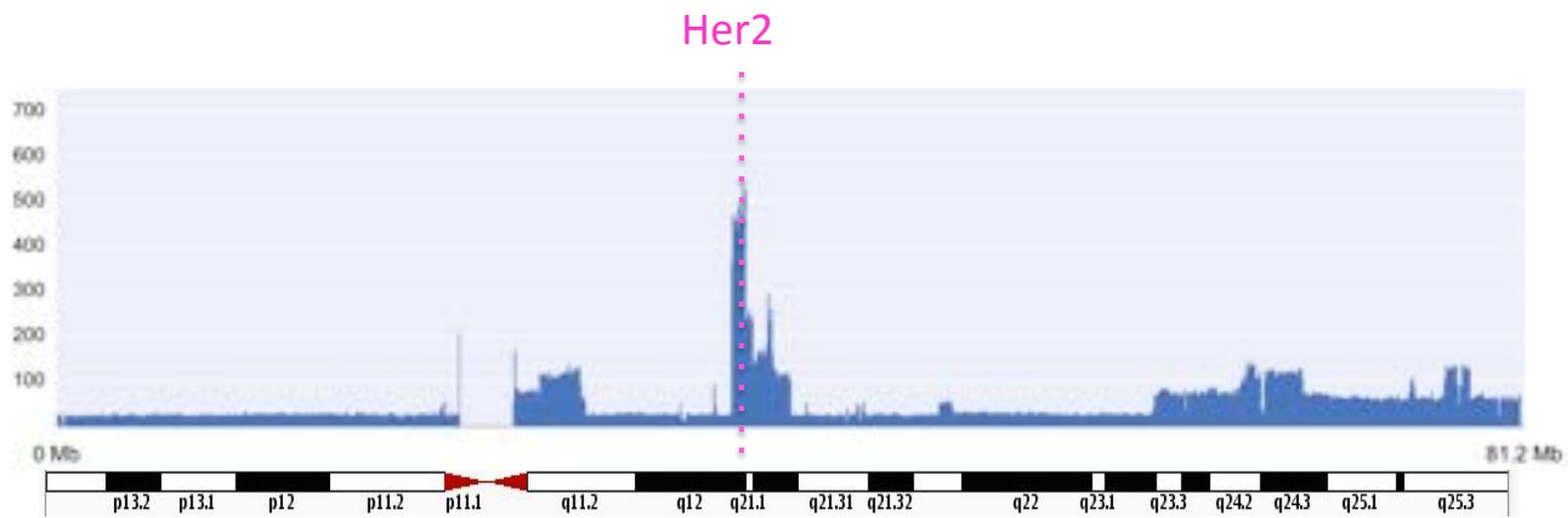
# Split-read variant calling with Sniffles to capture the long-range variants



See Fritz at Poster 183

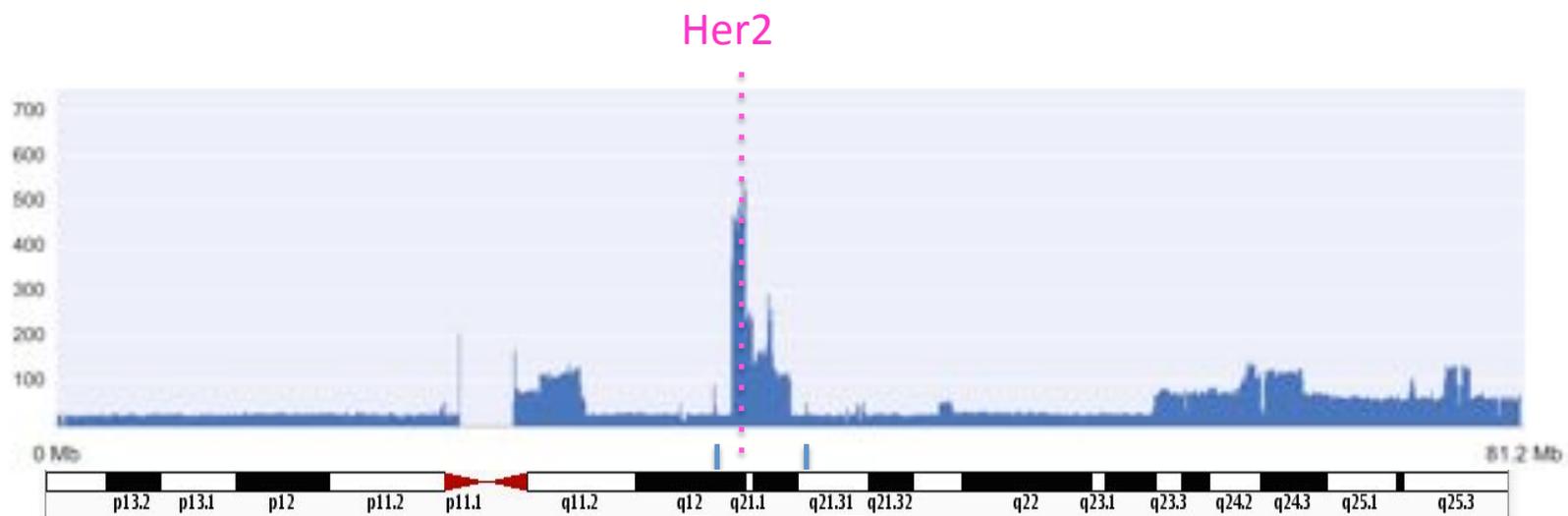
# Long-range structural variants found by Sniffles

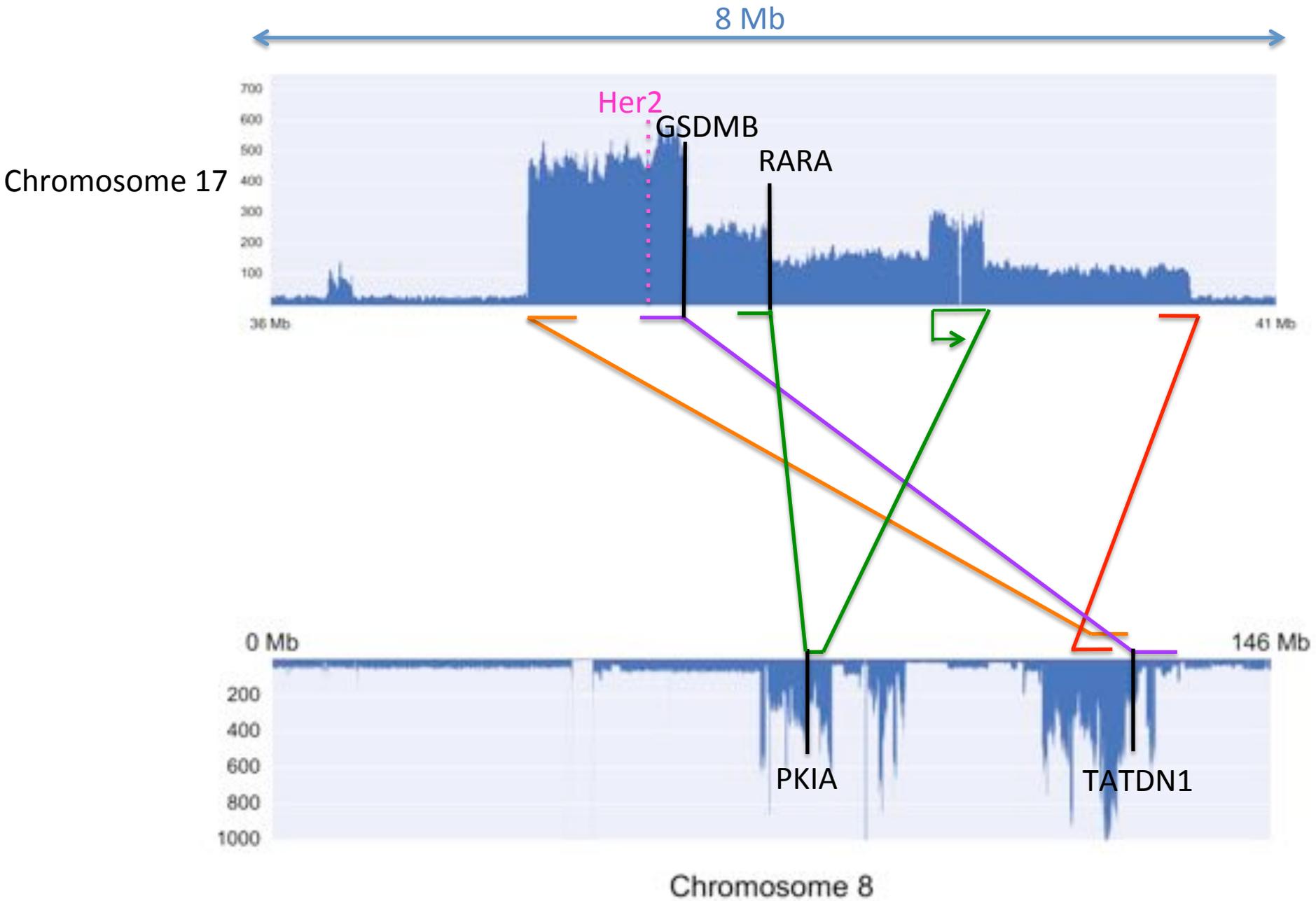




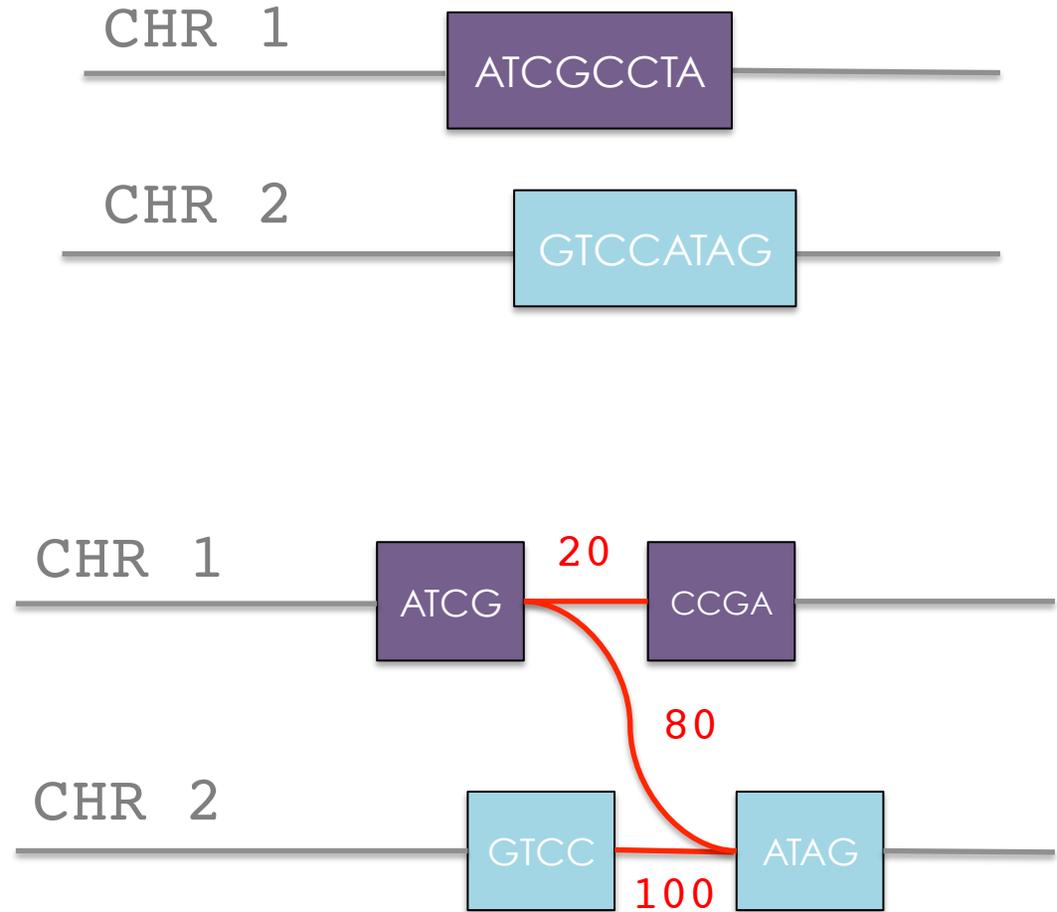
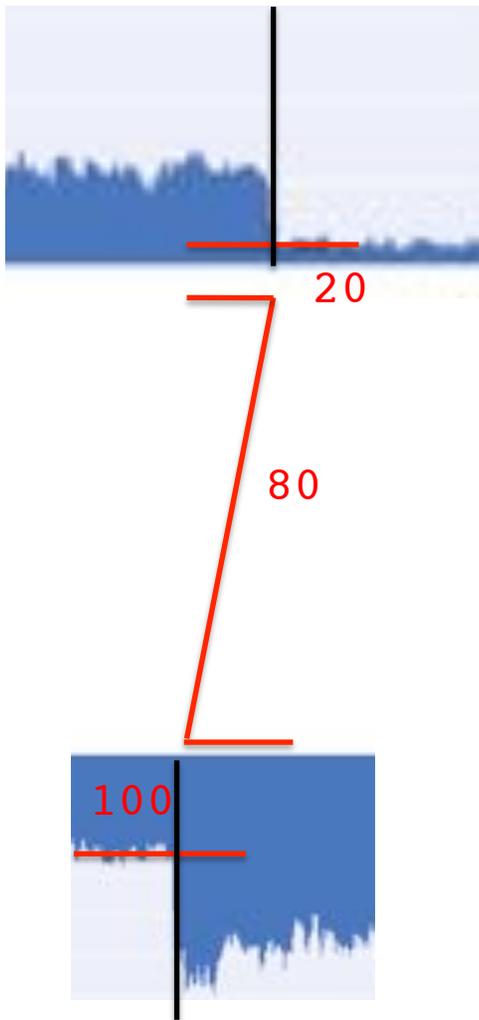
← Chr 17: 83 Mb →

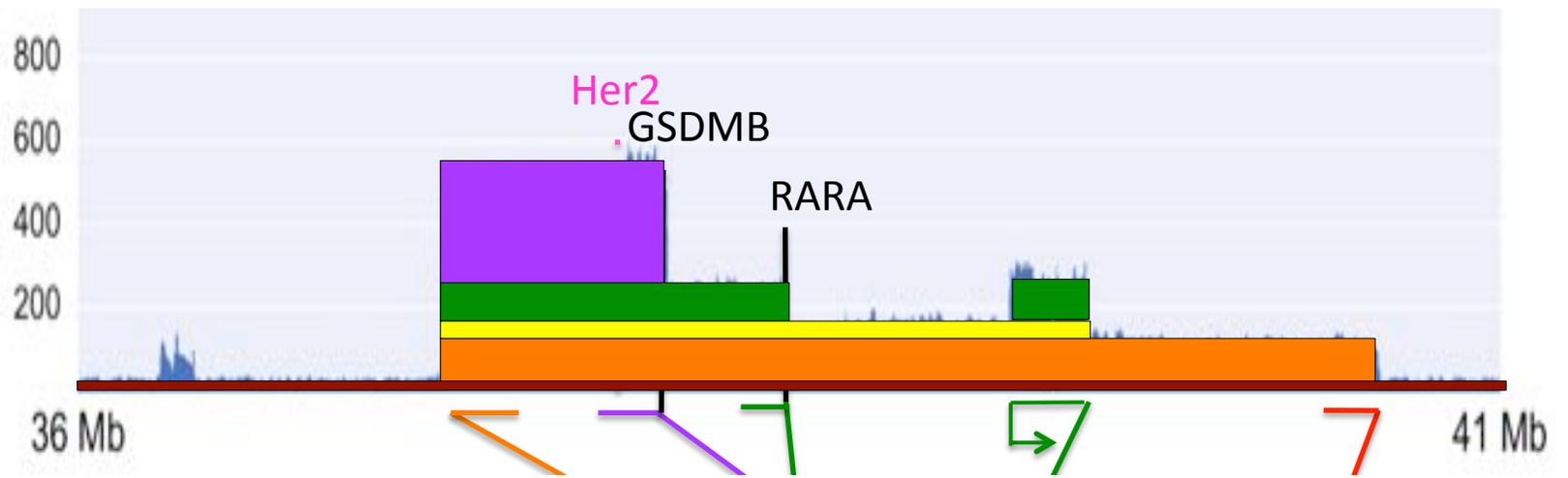
← 8 Mb →





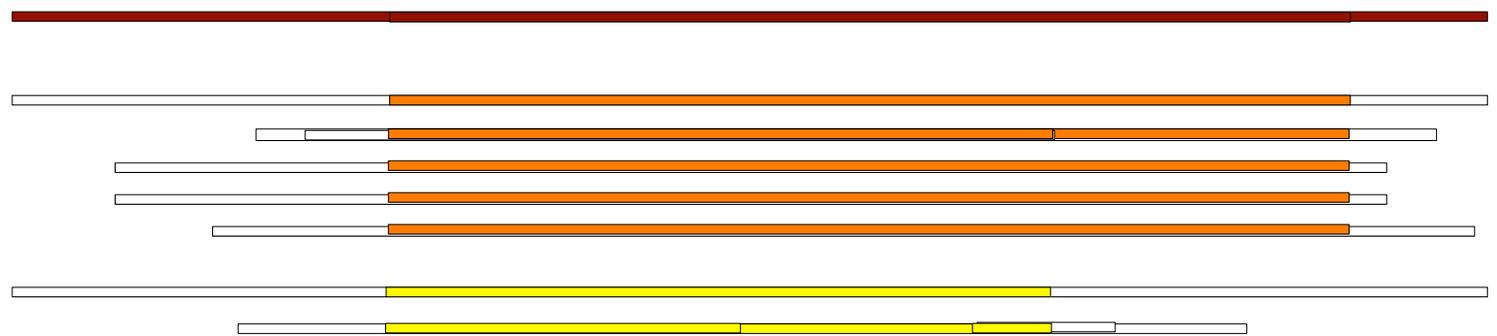
# SplitThreader: Graphical threading to retrace complex history of rearrangements in cancer genomes



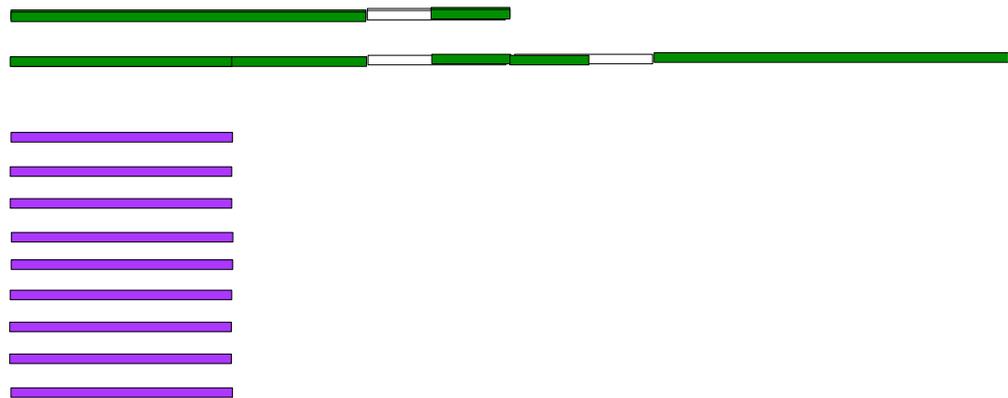


Chr 17

Chr 8



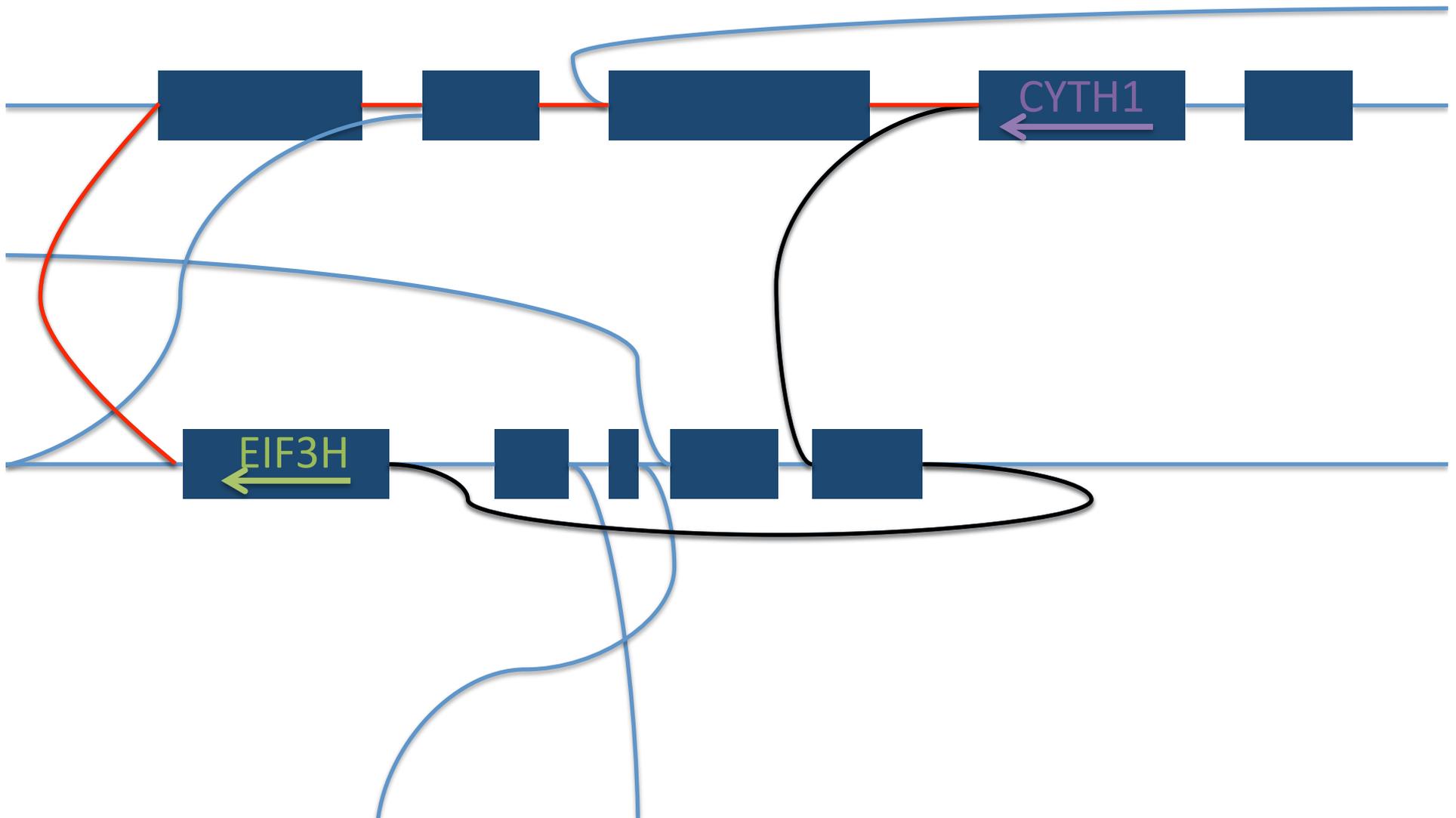
1. Healthy chromosome 17
2. Translocation into chromosome 8
3. Translocation within chromosome 8
4. Complex variant and inverted duplication within chromosome 8
5. Translocation within chromosome 8



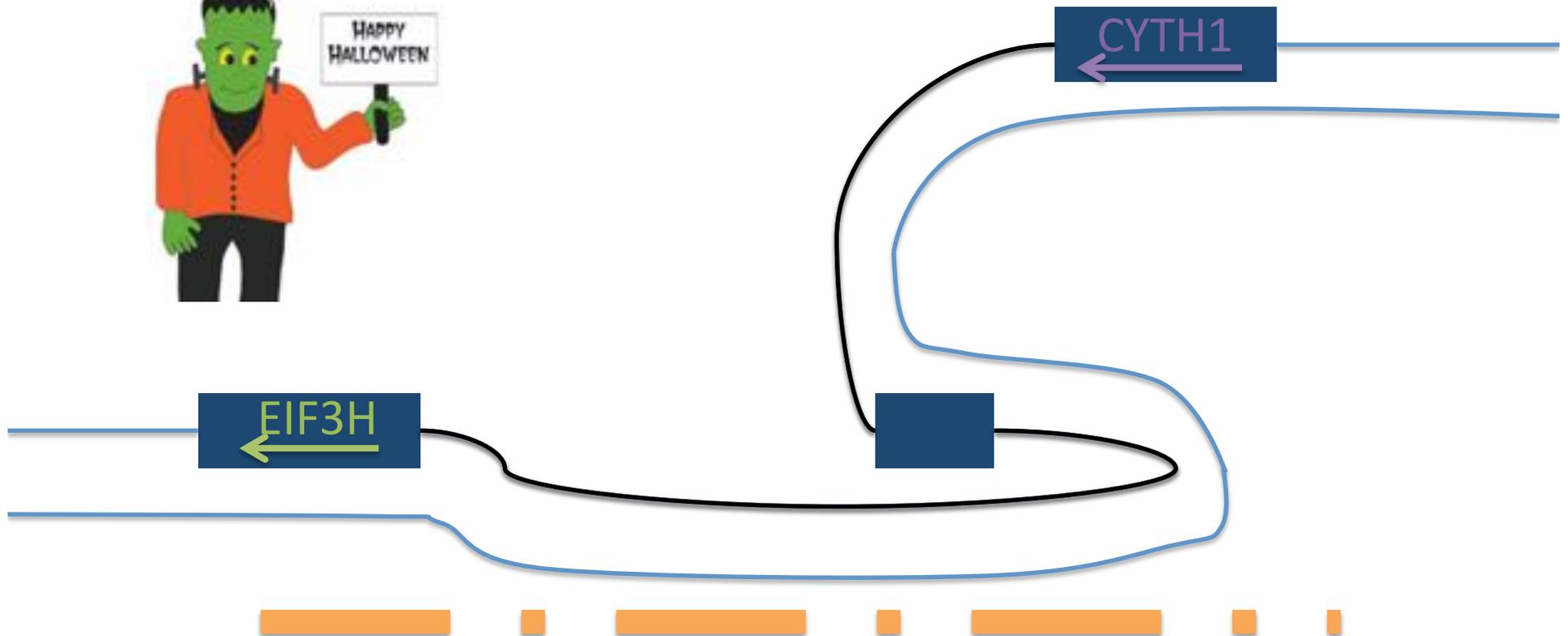
# Transcriptome analysis with IsoSeq: Long-read RNA sequencing

- Full-length transcripts
- Found 17 gene fusions with both DNA and RNA evidence
  - 13 seen in previous RNA-seq literature
  - 4 novel fusions
- 2 previously observed fusions had RNA evidence but no direct link in the DNA
  - Confirmed using SplitThreader

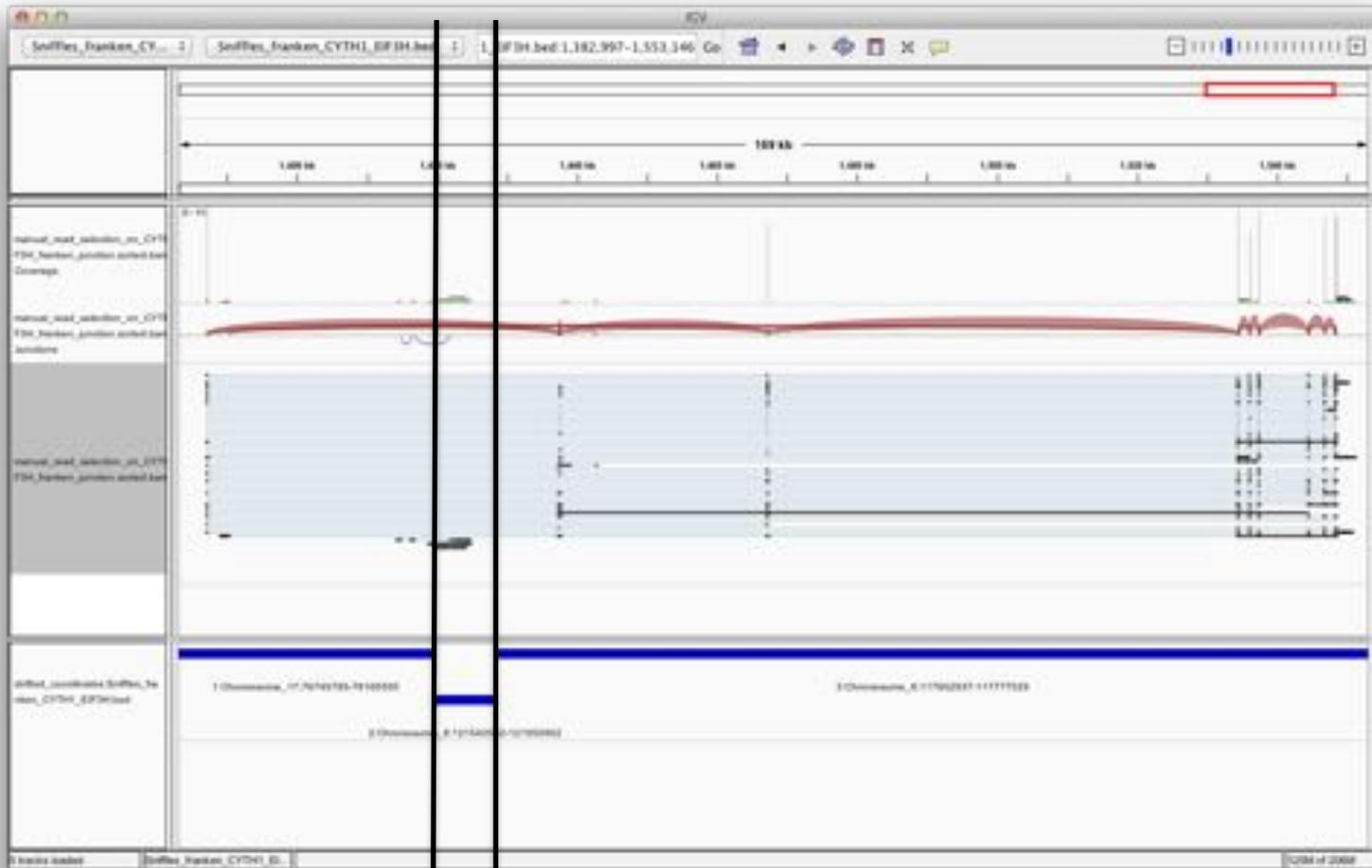
# CYTH1-EIF3H gene fusion in the SplitThreader graph



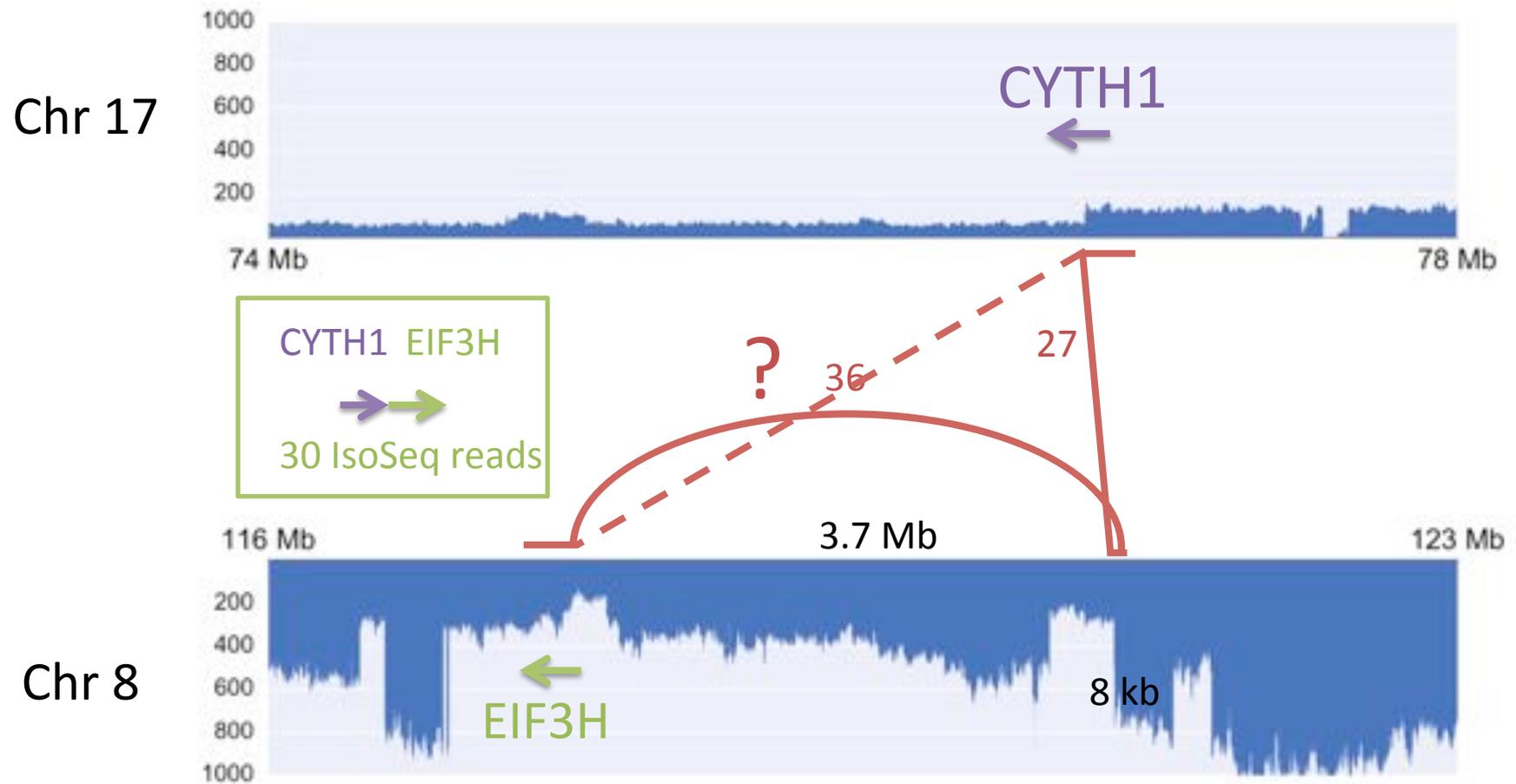
# CYTH1-EIF3H gene fusion in the SplitThreader graph



# Frankensteining the CYTH1-EIF3H gene fusion



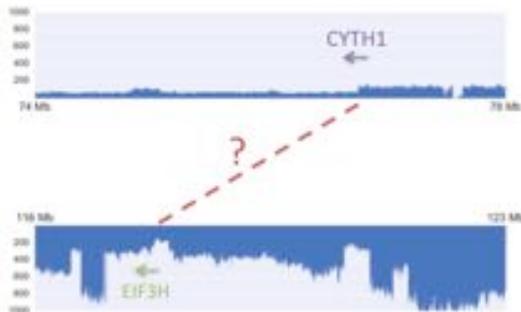
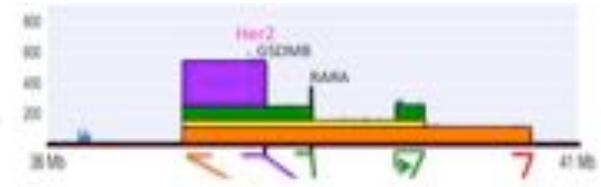
# CYTH1-EIF3H gene fusion



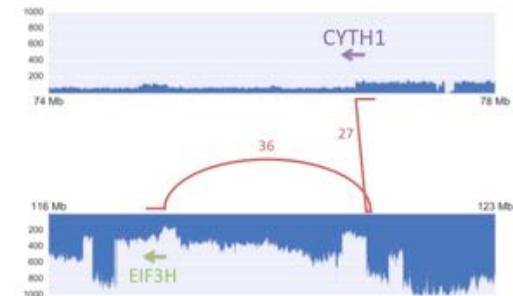
# The genome informs the transcriptome



Explain amplifications



Trace gene fusions



More genomes coming soon!

Data and additional results: <http://schatzlab.cshl.edu/data/skbr3/>

# Acknowledgments



Cold  
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